

## THE YEARS OF LIVING DANGEROUSLY - EDUCATIONAL COMPANION

21st CENTURY SKILLS	NGSS SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING PRACTICES
<b>LEARNING &amp; INNOVATION</b>	<b>1</b> Asking Questions & Defining Problems
Critical Thinking and Problem Solving	<b>2</b> Developing & Using Models
Communication and Collaboration	<b>3</b> Analyzing & Interpreting Data
<b>INFORMATION, MEDIA, &amp; TECHNOLOGY SKILLS</b>	<b>4</b> Using Mathematics & Computational Thinking
Media Literacy	<b>5</b> Constructing Explanations & Designing Solutions
<b>LIFE &amp; CAREER SKILLS</b>	<b>6</b> Engaging in Argument from Evidence
Flexibility and Adaptability	<b>7</b> Obtaining, Evaluating, & Communicating Information
Social and Cross-Cultural Skills	

NGSS HIGH SCHOOL
<b>ECOSYSTEMS: INTERACTIONS, ENERGY, AND DYNAMICS</b>
<b>Students who demonstrate understanding can:</b>
<i>HS-LS2-1</i> Use mathematical and/or computational representations to support explanations of factors that affect carrying capacity of ecosystems at different scales.
<i>HS-LS2-2.</i> Use mathematical representations to support and revise explanations based on evidence about factors affecting biodiversity and populations in ecosystems of different scales.
<i>HS-LS2-6.</i> Evaluate the claims, evidence, and reasoning that the complex interactions in ecosystems maintain relatively consistent numbers and types of organisms in stable conditions, but changing conditions may result in a new ecosystem.
<b>EARTH'S SYSTEM</b>
<b>Students who demonstrate understanding can:</b>
<i>HS-ESS2-2.</i> Analyze geoscience data to make the claim that one change to Earth's surface can create feedbacks that cause changes to other Earth's systems.
<b>EARTH AND HUMAN ACTIVITY</b>
<b>Students who demonstrate understanding can:</b>
<i>HS-ESS3-1.</i> Construct an explanation based on evidence for how the availability of natural resources, occurrence of natural hazards, and changes in climate have influenced human activity.
<i>HS-ESS3-4.</i> Evaluate or refine a technological solution that reduces impacts of human activities on natural systems.
<i>HS-ESS3-5.</i> Analyze geoscience data and the results from global climate models to make an evidence-based forecast of the current rate of global or regional climate change and associated future impacts to Earth systems;
<i>HS-ESS3-6.</i> Use a computational representation to illustrate the relationships among Earth systems and how those relationships are being modified due to human activity.

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## CCSS – ELA/LITERACY HIGH SCHOOL

### ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS – SCIENCE & TECHNICAL SUBJECTS

RST.9-10.1 Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts, attending to the precise details of explanations or descriptions.

RST.11-12.1 Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts, attending to important distinctions the author makes and to any gaps or inconsistencies in the account.

RST.9-10.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks, attending to special cases or exceptions defined in the text.

RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.

### CRAFT AND STRUCTURE

RST.9-12.4 Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 9–12 texts and topics.

RH.9-12.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary describing political, social, or economic aspects of history/social science.

### INTEGRATIONS OF KNOWLEDGE AND IDEAS

RST.9-10.7 Translate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text into visual form (e.g., a table or chart) and translate information expressed visually or mathematically (e.g., in an equation) into words.

RST.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.

RST.11-12.8 Evaluate the hypotheses, data, analysis, and conclusions in a science or technical text, verifying the data when possible and corroborating or challenging conclusions with other sources of information.

RST.9-10.9 Compare and contrast findings presented in a text to those from other sources (including their own experiments), noting when the findings support or contradict previous explanations or accounts.

RH.9-10.7 Integrate quantitative or technical analysis (e.g., charts, research data) with qualitative analysis in print or digital text.

RH.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, as well as in words) in order to address a question or solve a problem.

RH.9-10.8 Assess the extent to which the reasoning and evidence in a text support the author's claims.

RH.11-12.8 Evaluate an author's premises, claims, and evidence by corroborating or challenging them with other information.

### WRITING TEXT TYPES AND PURPOSES

WHST.9-12.1 Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content.

### PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION OF WRITING

WHST.9-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

# THE YEARS OF LIVING DANGEROUSLY - EDUCATIONAL COMPANION

## CCSS – ELA/LITERACY HIGH SCHOOL *Continued*

### RESEARCH TO BUILD AND PRESENT KNOWLEDGE

WHST.9-12.9 Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

### RANGE OF WRITING

WHST.9-10.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline- specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

### ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS – SCIENCE & TECHNICAL SUBJECTS

RST.9-10.1 Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts, attending to the precise details of explanations or descriptions.

## NCSS – HIGH SCHOOL

### CULTURE

#### Learner will understand:

That behaviors, values, and beliefs, of different cultures can lead to cooperation or pose barriers to cross-cultural understanding;

That awareness and knowledge of other cultures is important in a connected society and an interdependent world;

That the cultural values and beliefs of societies influence their analysis of challenges, and their responses to these challenges.

#### Learners will be able to:

Construct reasoned judgments about specific cultural responses to persistent human issues;

### TIME, CONTINUITY, AND CHANGE

#### Learners will understand:

The importance of knowledge of the past to an understanding of the present and to informed decision-making about the future.

### PEOPLE, PLACES, & ENVIRONMENTS

#### Learners will understand:

The theme of people, places, and environments involves the study of the relationships between human populations in different locations and regional and global geographic phenomena, such as landforms, soils, climate, vegetation, and natural resources;

Concepts such as: location, physical and human characteristics of national and global regions in the past and present, and the interactions of humans with the environment;

Consequences of changes in regional and global physical systems, such as seasons, climate, and weather, and the water cycle;

The causes and impact of resource management, as reflected in land use, settlement patterns, and ecosystem changes;

The social and economic effects of environmental changes and crises resulting from phenomena such as floods, storms, and drought;

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## NCSS HIGH SCHOOL *Continued*

The use of a variety of maps, globes. Graphic representations, and geospatial technologies to help investigate spatial relations, resources, and population density and distribution, and changes in these phenomena over time.

### **Learners will be able to:**

Acquire, organize, and analyze geographic information from data sources, geographic tools and geospatial technologies such as aerial photographs, satellite images, geographic information systems (GIS) to determine patterns;

Evaluate the consequences of human actions in environmental terms.

## INDIVIDUAL DEVELOPMENT AND IDENTITY

### **Learners will be able to:**

Discuss the nature of stereotyping, bias, altruism, and conformity in societies, and their implications for personal, group, and national relationships.

## INDIVIDUAL, GROUPS, AND INSTITUTIONS

### **Learners will understand:**

How various forms of groups and institutions change over time;

The impact of tensions and examples of cooperation between individuals, groups, and institutions, with their different belief systems;

How the beliefs of dominant groups tend to become norms in a society;

How groups and institutions work to meet individual needs, and can promote the common good and address persistent social issues.

### **Learners will be able to:**

Investigate how groups and institutions work to meet individual needs, promote or fail to promote the common good, and address persistent social issues.

## POWER, AUTHORITY, AND GOVERNANCE

### **Learners will be able to:**

Analyze and evaluate conditions, actions, and motivations that contribute to conflict and cooperation among groups and nations.

## PRODUCTION, DISTRIBUTION, AND CONSUMPTION

### **Learners will be able to:**

Ask and find answers to questions about the production and distribution of goods and services in the state and nation, and in a global context;

Evaluate the possible economic consequences of proposed government policies.

## SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY, AND SOCIETY

### **Learners will understand:**

Science and technology have had both positive and negative impacts upon individuals, societies, and the environment in the past and present;

## NCSS HIGH SCHOOL *Continued*

That the world is media saturated and technologically dependent;

Consequences of science and technology for individuals and societies;

Decisions regarding the uses and consequences of science and technology are often complex because of the need to choose between or reconcile different viewpoints;

Prediction, modeling, and planning are used to focus advances in science and technology for positive ends;

Science, technology, and their consequences are unevenly available across the globe;

Developments in science and technology may help to address global issues.

### **Learners will be able to:**

Use diverse types of media technology to access, analyze, evaluate, create, and distribute messages;

Identify the purposes, points of view, biases, and intended audience of reports and discussions related to issues involving science and technology;

Identify and analyze reactions to science and technology from the past or present and predict ongoing effects in economic geographical, social, political, and cultural areas of life;

Formulate possible solutions that utilize technology, address real-life issues and problems, weigh alternatives, and provide reasons for preferred choices and plans of action.

## **GLOBAL CONNECTIONS**

### **Learners will understand:**

The solutions to global issues may involve individual decisions and actions, but also require national and international approaches (e.g. agreements, negotiations, policies, or laws);

Conflict and cooperation among the peoples of the earth influence the division and control of the earth's surface;

The actions of people, communities, and nations have both short – and long-term effects on the biosphere and its ability to sustain life;

Individuals, organizations, nations, and international entities can work to increase the positive effects of global connections, and address the negative impacts of global issues.

### **Learners will be able to:**

Describe and explain conditions and motivations that contribute to conflict, cooperation, and interdependence among groups, societies, and nations;

Analyze the cause and consequences of persistent, contemporary, and emerging global issues, and evaluate possible solutions;

Analyze the relationships and tensions between national sovereignty and global interests, in matters such as territorial rights, economic development, the use of natural resources, and human rights;

Identify concerns, issues, conflicts, and possible resolutions related to issues involving universal human rights.

## NCSS HIGH SCHOOL *Continued*

### CIVIC IDEALS AND PRACTICES

#### Learners will understand:

The theme of civic ideals and practices helps us recognize where gaps between ideals and practices exist, and prepares us to work for social justice;

That seeking multiple perspectives is required in order to effectively grasp the complexity of issues involving civic ideals and practices;

The importance of becoming informed as the basis for thoughtful and positive contributions through civic action.

#### Learners will be able to:

Ask and find answers to questions about how to become informed and take civic action;

Research primary and secondary sources to make decisions and propose solutions to selected civic issues in the past and present;

Identify assumptions, misconceptions, and biases in sources, evidence, and arguments used in presenting issues and positions;

Develop a position on a public policy issue and defend it with evidence.



**INGREDIENTS:** VEGETABLE OIL  
PALM OIL, PALM KERNEL OIL, CANO  
CREAM BUTTERMILK\*, SALT, MON  
SOY LECITHIN, NATURAL AND ART  
POTASSIUM SORBATE, CALCIUM DS